Use a calculator

1. Mr Smith's bill for servicing his car is £185.65 including VAT at 17-	$\frac{1}{2}$ %.
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How much was his bill before VAT was added?

Answer £

No calculator

•	E	026	C 1	* *4	- 1 1 4	£
2.	Express	Uin	as a fraction	in its	simplest	torm
	LAPICOS	0.50	as a machon	111 105	Simplest	101111

Answer

3. Show that the sum of **any** three consecutive integers is always a multiple of 3.

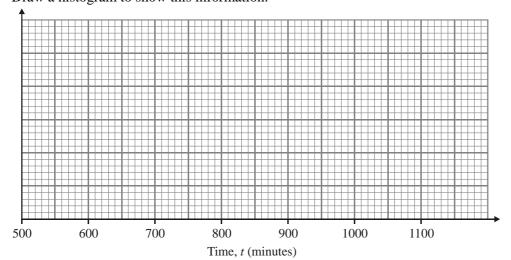
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4. Batteries are tested by putting them into toys and seeing how long they last.

Here are the results of 60 tests.

Time, t (minutes)	Frequency
500 ≤ <i>t</i> < 600	8
$600 \le t < 700$	15
$700 \le t < 750$	10
$750 \le t < 950$	18
950 ≤ <i>t</i> < 1150	9

(a) Draw a histogram to show this information.

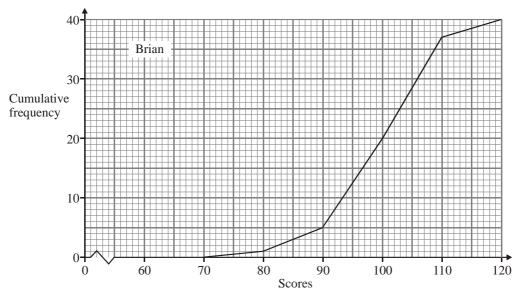


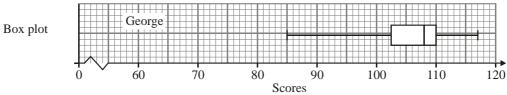
(b) Use your histogram, or otherwise, to estimate the median life of a battery.

5. Brian and George played 40 games of golf.

The cumulative frequency diagram shows information about Brian's scores.

The box plot shows information about George's scores.





- (a) Showing your method clearly, find
 - (i) Brian's median score

Answer	

(ii) Brian's inter-quartile range.

.....

Answer

- (b) Use the cumulative frequency diagram and the box plot to answer the following.
 - (i) Which player is the more consistent in his scoring? Give a reason for your choice.

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(ii) The winner of a game of golf is the player who has the lowest score.

Who do you think is the better player? Give a reason for your choice.

.....

6. Emma has a box of counters.

The counters are green, red or blue.

She picks a counter at random.

The table shows the probability that she picks a green counter and the probability that she picks a red counter.

Colour	Probability
Green	0.6
Red	0.25
Blue	

(a) What is the probability that Emma picks a blue counter?

Answer

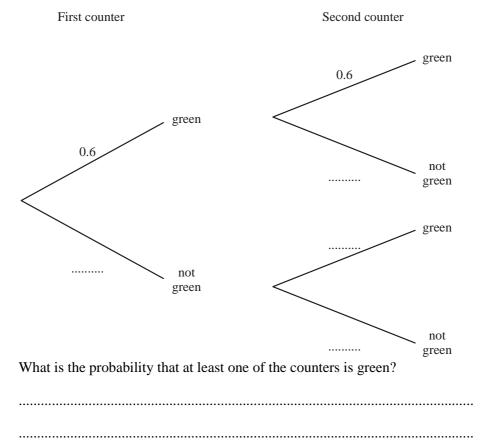
(b) There are 10 red counters in the box.

How many green counters are in the box?

Answer

- (c) Emma picks a counter at random.

 She replaces it in the box and then picks another counter at random.
 - (i) Complete the tree diagram.

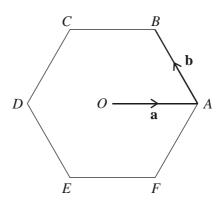


(ii)

7. *ABCDEF* is a regular hexagon with centre *O*.

$$\overrightarrow{OA} = \mathbf{a} \text{ and } \overrightarrow{AB} = \mathbf{b}$$

Diagram drawn accurately



- (a) Find expressions, in terms of **a** and **b**, for
 - (i) \overrightarrow{OB}

Answer	

(ii) \overrightarrow{AC}

(iii) \overrightarrow{EC}

(b) The positions of points P and Q are given by the vectors

$$\overrightarrow{OP} = \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b} \qquad \qquad \overrightarrow{OQ} = \mathbf{a} + 2\mathbf{b}$$

- (i) Draw and label the positions of points P and Q on the diagram.
- (ii) Hence, or otherwise, deduce an expression for \overrightarrow{PQ} .

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